I

Norman Cross

Rural District Council.

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

upon the

Sanitary Condition of the District

During the year 1966.

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GEO. M. MOLYNEUX, PRINTER, OLD FLETTON

NORMAN CROSS RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

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STAFF

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Public Health Inspector ..... H. E. Reeve, F.R.S.H., F.F.S., M.A.P.H.I.

Additional Public Health Inspector ..... A. E. Bennett, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.

To the Norman Cross Rural District Council

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my ninth Annual Report upon the sanitary conditions of the District for the year ended 31st December 1966.

The District lies mainly to the south of Peterborough running across the County from east to west.

The main industries are agriculture and brick-making and there is some engineering and a tar distillery. There are three poultry processing premises in the area.

Many people resident in the District find their employment in Peterborough.

The Registrar General estimated the mid-year population to be 10,860 this being an increase of 660 over the previous year.

There were 210 live births during the year, giving a crude birth rate of 19.3 and adjusted birth rate of 18.8 per thousand population, as compared with the rate for England and Wales, which was 17.7 during the same period.

There were 3 infant deaths during the year which gave an Infantile Mortality Rate of 14.3 per 1,000 live births. The rate for England and Wales was 18.9 per 1,000 live births.

One-hundred-and-two deaths occurred during the year, 42 males and 60 females. The crude death rate was 9.4 per 1,000 persons, but when adjusted it becomes 12.6 per thousand compared to the national rate of 11.7 per thousand. Lung cancer was the cause of 7 deaths, 5 being men and 2 women.

There was little notifiable infectious disease during the year. Measles, with 91 cases, was the most common. One new case of Pulmonary Tuberculosis was notified, but no deaths occurred from this disease.

The building of Council Houses progressed well during the year, 77 dwellings being completed, and 34 more being under construction, at the end of the year. Private Enterprise housing also progressed well, 193 dwellings being built, which was a slight increase over 1965. The completion and opening of Ashton House, Yaxley, providing 29 flatlets for the elderly, with excellent communal rooms, and under the supervision of a Warden, has proved to be one of the outstanding features of the year.

The Water Comprehensive Improvement Scheme was begun in April 1966 and good progress had been made by the end of the year. The completion of this scheme is indeed an urgent necessity, particularly with regard to maintaining a supply to Folksworth, and other areas at higher levels.

Work on the sewering of Elton, Holme, and Sibson-cum-Stibbington continued throughout the year, and work on the sewering of Alwalton and Chesterton began in November. Sewage from the two latter villages will be treated at Stibbington. I fully endorse the remarks by Mr. Reeve in his report, that it is now becoming an urgent Public Health necessity that Folksworth should be sewered as soon as possible.

I wish to thank the Members of the Council, their Officers and Staff, and my Professional Colleagues in the District, for all the help which they have so willingly given to me during the year.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	35795 acres
Estimated Population (mid 1966)	10,860
Density of persons per acre	.303
Number of Inhabited Houses, end of 1966	3589
Rateable Value, 31/12/66	£384,515
Value of Penny Rate, 1966/67	£1,515

VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births	210
Live birth rate per 1,000 population	19.3
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	4.8
Still-births	1
Still-births rate per 1,000 live and still-births	4.7
Total live and still-births	211
Infant deaths	3
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births—total	14.3
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	Nil
Maternal mortality rate per 1,000 live and still-births	Nil
Death rate per 1,000 population	9.4

INFANT DEATHS

	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
Actual Number of Deaths	4	3	2	7	5	3
Rates All Infants Per 1,000 Live Births	25.8	19.9	11.0	36.3	26.2	14.3

Deaths from Cancer (total)	22
Malignant Neoplasm Lung, Bronchus	7
Coronary Disease—angina	25
Other Heart Disease	9
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	Nil

Comparison of rates with those of England & Wales.

	Per 1,000 Population				Per 1,000 Live Births	Per 1,000 Total Births
	Live Birth Rate	Adjusted Birth Rate	Crude Death Rate	Adjusted Death Rate	Infantile Mortality Rate	Still Births Rate
Norman Cross R.D.C.	19.3	18.8	9.4	12.6	14.3	4.7
England & Wales	—	17.7	—	11.7	19.0	15.3

Comparability Factor for Births	0.97
Comparability Factor for Deaths	1.34

(The Comparability Factors are figures by which the crude-birth and death rates need to be multiplied so as to find the adjusted rates. The adjusted rates are then comparable with the rates for England and Wales, or the adjusted rates of any other place in the Country.

The Registrar General calculates the factors from information available to him concerning, amongst other things, the age and sex structure of the population.)

The following table shows the classification of deaths from all causes (Registrar-General's figures) :—

Causes of Death.	Males	Females	Totals
All Causes.	42	60	102
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	—	—	—
2. Tuberculosis, other	—	—	—
3. Syphilitic disease	—	—	—
4. Diphtheria	—	—	—
5. Whooping Cough	—	—	—
6. Meningococcal infections	—	—	—
7. Acute poliomyelitis	—	—	—
8. Measles	—	—	—
9. Other infective & parasitic diseases	—	—	—
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	3	—	3
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	5	2	7
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	—	—	—
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	—	2	2
14. Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	4	6	10
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	—	—	—
16. Diabetes	—	—	—
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system	7	7	14
18. Coronary disease, angina	10	15	25
19. Hypertension with heart disease	—	1	1
20. Other heart disease	1	8	9
21. Other circulatory disease	2	2	4
22. Influenza	—	—	—
23. Pneumonia	2	6	8
24. Bronchitis	1	1	2
25. Other diseases of respiratory system	—	—	—
26. Ulcer of stomach & duodenum	—	—	—
27. Gastritis, enteritis & diarrhoea	—	—	—
28. Nephritis & nephrosis	—	1	1
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	1	—	1
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	—	—	—
31. Congenital malformations	—	—	—
32. Other defined & ill-defined diseases	1	7	8
33. Motor Vehicle accidents	3	—	3
34. All other accidents	1	—	1
35. Suicide	1	2	3
36. Homicide & operations of war	—	—	—

Surveyor and Public Health Inspector's Office,
18 Priestgate,
Peterborough.
27th July, 1967.

To: The Medical Officer of Health.

Sir,

I have the honour to present my seventeenth Annual Report, for the year ended 31st December 1966.

HOUSING: The number of new dwellings built since 1945 is as follows:

(a) By the District Council

	Up To 31.12.1964			During 1965		During 1966	
Alwalton	4	Morborne	4	Stilton	10	Stilton	20
Chesterton	2	Orton Longueville	6	Orton		Farcet	22
Elton	18	Orton Waterville	10	Waterville	4	Holme	6
Farcet	44	Stibbington	2	Farcet	24	Yaxley	
Folksworth	2	Stilton	59			(Flatlets)	29
Glatton	4	Yaxley	185				
Holme	20						
Totals		360			38		77=475

With the 87 pre-war and war-time houses, the Council now own 562 dwellings.

Dwellings under construction by Council.

Holmewood—8 Houses.

Manor Close, Yaxley—11 Bungalows.

Alwalton—10 Houses and 5 Bungalows.

Plans approved or in Preparation:

Sites at Farcet, Elton, Stilton and Stibbington.

(b) **by Private Developers :—**

The number of dwellings completed since January, 1947 is as follows :—

YEAR	HOUSES	BUNGALOWS	TOTAL
1947/52	33	11	44
1953	20	6	26
1954	20	26	46
1955	24	26	50
1956	29	31	60
1957	16	32	48
1958	19	16	35
1959	13	44	57
1960	41	36	77
1961	30	42	72
1962	32	59	91
1963	73	56	129
1964	112	69	181
1965	133	54	187
1947—1965	595	508	1103

Completed During 1966.

PARISH	HOUSES	BUNGALOWS	TOTALS
Elton	—	2	2
Farcet	—	2	2
Folksworth	—	1	1
Glatton	—	1	1
Holme	2	—	2
Orton Longueville ..	54	25	79
Orton Waterville ..	7	—	7
Sibbington	2	1	3
Stilton	12	2	14
Yaxley	75	7	82
	152	41	193

Total private dwellings erected since 1947=1296.

Private dwellings under construction at 31st December 1966=

98 Houses and 65 Bungalows=163 Dwellings.

Private Enterprise Housing. The completion figures again show a small but satisfactory increase over the previous year. Minor infilling continued in most villages, but the various estates made up the major proportion of house completions. Messrs. Wilsons are now on the last phase of their development off Oundle Road, Orton Longueville. Lady Lodge continued at Orton Waterville, but at a reduced rate. The Mitchell Construction Co. commenced the Churchlands Estate off North Street, Stilton, on an area that will be a large estate in a rapidly expanding village. David Charles Ltd. at Dundee Estate, Yaxley made good progress and still have further land to develop. North Hunts Development Co. are continuing their estate at Westfield Road, Yaxley (off Church Street), and again nearby land could extend the area for building for several years. At the Malting Piece, off Broadway, Yaxley, preparatory work was done for an estate that will include 100 houses, a shopping precinct and a School.

The Building Regulations 1965, came into force on 1st February 1966. They are a major change in outlook, giving one Code for England and Wales, but are generally much more complicated than the old Building Byelaws.

The Building Inspector's work during the year is as follows:

Inspections

Private Housing	New Building work.	3205
	Alterations and additions.	257
Council Contracts	Housing sites.	487
	Repainting of houses.	190
Foul Sewer Tests	Satisfactory.	52
	Unsatisfactory.	4
	Connected to sewer.	235

Details of plans and applications submitted during the year are as follows:

New Houses	59	Conversion to dwellings	7
Bungalows	34	Electricity Lines	16
Garden, Tool and Store Sheds	11	Greenhouses and Conservatories	18
Agricultural Buildings	13	Temporary Dwellings	4
Garages	53	Caravan Applications	7
Outline Applications	52	Schools	1
Notices and Signs	11	Miscellaneous	56
New Accesses	6		
Alterations and Additions	45	**Total**	**393**

COUNCIL HOUSE BUILDING

Work continued on the sites already commenced, together with preparatory work on layouts and new house designs.

At Stilton, Stage 2 at Church Close was completed. Negotiations were in course for land purchase for Stage 3 for which a layout has been prepared.

At Farcet, Stage 1 at the rear of the Church was completed. Houses and old farm buildings were demolished in readiness for Stage 2 which is expected to commence early 1968. There is ample land available for further development when required.

At Alwalton, work commenced in August on 24 houses and 14 Bungalows, with roads and services. There is a further area at the Eastern end of this site that could be available for private development. Soil and surface water sewers are being laid in the village drainage scheme, to be available for this site. Wet conditions on this site have delayed work considerably.

At Elton work should commence in 1967 on 16 Houses and 6 Bungalows.

At Holmewood work was commenced on 14 Dwellings, 7 garages, roadworks and services.

At Glebe Avenue, Orton Waterville, work on 4 flats, 6 garages and roadworks was completed.

At Stibbington, the Council Appeal against the County Council's objections to the use of a housing site near the School was successful.

Ashton House, Yaxley, (Flatlets for the elderly) was completed in advance of programme, the Warden taking occupation on the 18th April 1966. The accommodation now available will be a most useful addition to the types of property owned by the Council.

Work commenced in August 1966 on the construction of 13 bungalows, 8 garages, roads and services at Manor Close, Yaxley.

At Folksworth a plan has been prepared for the construction of a few bungalows on the long gardens of existing Council Houses in Washingley Road, to be built when a public foul sewer is available.

Further investigations have been made into methods of central heating by various fuels and appliances, with a view to offering installations to tenants of existing houses. In addition to partial central heating by solid fuel appliances, two oil-fired and two electric block storage warm-air systems are being built into houses on the new estate at Alwalton, as an experimental measure.

In November 1966, the Council decided that no further building other than already committed should proceed, in order to avoid a deficit and to keep rents at a reasonable figure. It is suggested that during 1967 this matter should be reviewed, with a close examination of the housing

list and slum clearance need, to produce a revised programme for the next 5 years. The completion figure this year is good and the 1967 figure should be good, but bearing in mind the advance work required there will be an unfortunate reduction in future years unless the Architects have a programme on which to base their planning.

HOUSING ACTION AND IMPROVEMENT

Five Closing Orders and six Demolition Orders were made during the year; three Undertakings not to relet were accepted. Twenty three houses were demolished, eleven being the result of Demolition Orders and twelve for other reasons; this activity was a continuation of work commenced last year as a result of new Council properties becoming available in Stilton and Farcet.

A steady supply of new Council Houses in the areas required will enable continuing progress with this vital work.

Applications were received for three Discretionary and twenty-four Standard Grants.

There are no Common Lodging Houses and no overcrowding within the meaning of the Housing Acts.

WATER SUPPLY

Contract No. 12 (Water Comprehensive Improvement Scheme) commenced in April 1966, the contractors being Messrs. Stamford Construction Ltd. The work involved includes large diameter mains from Farcet through Yaxley to Norman Cross and Folksworth, and from Norman Cross to Kates Cabin junction, with link mains from Folksworth to Stilton, Folksworth to Caldecote and Great North Road to Haddon; booster stations at Fletton Avenue and Yaxley are to be re-modelled with larger pumps to deal with the increased flow, and a reservoir of 1 million gallons capacity is to be built on a high point between Folksworth and Stilton. The higher levels of Folksworth, where there has been a poor supply during recent years, will be served from a small booster at the reservoir through a short length of new main. By the end of 1966 the new 12″ main had been laid in Broadway, Farcet and the 15″ main commenced at Folksworth; the reservoir floor was complete and the wall splays being poured. Overall the work was 25% complete and good progress being made.

A hosepipe ban was again imposed during the summer months, to conserve the supply, but nevertheless difficulties were experienced in maintaining a supply to properties on higher levels, particularly at Folksworth. With the present equipment a really hot summer would bring a desperate situation, as there is insufficient storage and pumping capacity to meet peak demand.

During the year 271 domestic, 17 metered and 226 building supplies were connected. There were 27 burst mains and 40 burst services. Water consumption was 61,783.0 thousand gallons on metered

supplies and 108,746.0 thousand gallons on domestic, a total of 170,529.0 thousand gallons. The domestic consumption was 27.5 gallons per head per day. On the total supply the consumption was 43.0 gallons per head per day. This amounts to an increase of 8½ million gallons in the 12 months of domestic consumption, but taking the gallons per head per day figure, there is only a slight increase. Taking both domestic and metered figures the increase over last year amounts to nearly 15 million gallons.

The statistics of the water supply to the district are as follows:

PARISH	Number of Premises	Number Without Main Water	Number of Houses Supplied from Main	Population Supplied from Main
Alwalton	80		80	200
Chesterton	46		46	147
Denton and Caldecote	27	3	24	71
Elton	194		194	556
Farcet	395		395	1342
Folksworth and Washingley	107	2	105	303
Glatton	70	2	68	174
Haddon	22		22	68
Holme	164		164	509
Morborne	16		16	50
Orton Longueville	704		704	2130
Orton Waterville	178		178	570
Sibson-cum-Stibbington	160	2	158	500
Stilton	275		275	835
Water Newton	33	1	32	72
Yaxley	1118	5	1113	3288
TOTAL	3589	15	3574	10,815

There are no street standpipes.

The water supplied in the district is purchased in bulk mainly from Peterborough and distributed to all Parishes; a small area at Stibbington is supplied from the South Lincs. Water Board.

Thirty-two samples of water were taken during the year and were sent for bacteriological examination. Four samples were reported as unsatisfactory. These were from a new main which was re-chlorinated, flushed and re-tested satisfactorily. No chemical examinations of water were made during the year. The main water is within the "very hard" category and is not plumbo-solvent.

The Fluoride content is low, being between 0.11 and 0.18 parts per million.

There are no public swimming baths in the district, but there are four shallow plastic lined beginners pools at Schools at Holme, Orton Longueville, Stilton and Yaxley and a larger conventional pool at the Orton Longueville School.

DRAINAGE

By the end of 1966 drains from 2315 properties had been connected to the public sewers in Yaxley, Farcet, Stilton, Orton Longueville and Orton Waterville.

Eight Cesspools were abolished and properties connected to the public sewer.

Fourteen Pails were converted to W.C.'s.

Twenty-one Septic Tanks were provided in unsewered areas.

Drainage Contract No. 9 for the sewering of Elton, Holme and Sibson-cum-Stibbington continued during the year. Construction of disposal works at Holme and Stibbington was well under way and work commenced on the works at Elton. Sewers have been laid in all three parishes and cleansing work commenced at Stibbington in preparation for taking over. In addition to completion of the disposal works there are still pumping stations, laterals and connection of house drains yet to be done as well as auxiliary work such as completion of drain connections in five other parishes in an existing scheme. There was continuing trouble during the year with unsatisfactory road reinstatements, but these problems should be solved shortly as settlement and final reinstatement takes place. Generally work on this contract was 80% completed by the end of 1966.

Drainage Contract No. 14 for the sewering of Alwalton and Chesterton commenced in November 1966. The first part of the work is a soil and surface water sewer from the pumping stations near the river at Alwalton up to the Council housing site on Oundle Road, Alwalton as these sewers are urgently required to take drainage from the new houses under construction. Drainage from the soil sewers will be pumped along a rising main to the new disposal works at Stibbington. 5% of the total work was complete by the end of 1966.

Both the above contracts will enable old drains discharging foul water to rivers and dykes to be disconnected, this eliminating many serious nuisances. The Alwalton and Chesterton scheme originally included laying of soil sewers in the village of Folksworth where again the heavy clay subsoil makes disposal of effluent a difficult matter; to deal with this village is an urgent public health necessity.

At Morborne an old sewer was re-aligned, involving 50 yards of 9″ sewer laid by Council staff.

REFUSE COLLECTION

The weekly collection scheme started in June 1965 continued during this year. The second vehicle has been called into increasing use to help with work on the new estates at the Orton and Yaxley area. The only breaks in the weekly collection rota are during the periods of Bank Holidays, and as the same villages are generally affected each time a scheme to collect either just before or just after the holiday periods will be tried next year.

A scheme for the occasional collection of bulky refuse would also be a useful service and would leave no excuse for indiscriminate refuse dumping.

The search for a new tip continues, as the area at Farcet will eventually not be available. The ideal site would be between Yaxley and Orton, well away from houses.

There was continual difficulty in recruiting labour for this all-weather manual work, a higher rate of pay appearing to be the only answer in an area with full employment.

The second vehicle is now awaiting an overhaul, to keep it in a satisfactory condition for its arduous task during the next 2 to 3 years, when a replacement will be necessary.

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

100% inspection of meat at Farcet Slaughterhouse was carried out. The number of cattle and sheep slaughtered was almost exactly the same as in 1965, but there was a slight reduction in the number of pigs, perhaps reflecting the situation in this changing trade. Amendments to Regulations concerning slaughtering hours were made during the year and after consultation with the trade it was decided to allow slaughtering to continue at all times, but inspection and marking will be during normal hours except for 2 hours on Sundays for a trial period of 12 months.

Much more time is required to increase inspections at food premises, especially the small poultry packing establishments and the increasing number of public houses preparing meals and selling various foods, as this is where much useful work can be done.

The statistics relating to meat inspection and food premises are as follows:—

Carcases and Offal Inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed (if known)	98	—	1	235	4007	—
Number inspected	98	—	1	235	4007	—
All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci						
Whole carcases condemned	—	—	—	—	1	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	29	—	—	—	227	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis & cysticerci	29.59	—	—	—	5.69	—
Tuberculosis only						
Whole carcases condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	1	—	—	—	143	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	1.02	—	—	—	3.57	—
Cysticercosis						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	1	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

Meat Inspection Fees — £168. 8. 9.

Statistics relating to Food Premises are as follows :—

1. No. of Food Premises by type of business.

Bakehouses	Nil	
Butchers	4	
Cafes	5	
Confectioner	1	
Fish and Chips	4	
General	27	88 Premises.
Greengrocer	1	(None has been counted under
Public Houses & Clubs	24	more than one heading).
Sweets	11	
Poultry	4	
Works Canteens	5	
Vegetable Packers	2	

2. Food Hygiene Regulations.

Type of Business	No. of Premises	No. of Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 16	No. of Premises to which Reg. 19 applies	No. of Premises fitted to comply with Reg. 19
Butchers	4	4	4	4
Cafes	5	5	5	5
Confectioners	1	1	Nil	Nil
Fish and Chips	4	4	4	4
General	27	27	27	27
Greengrocers	1	1	1	1
Public Houses & Clubs	24	24	24	24
Sweets	11	11	Nil	Nil
Poultry	4	4	3	3
Works Canteens	5	5	5	5
Vegetable Packers	2	2	Nil	Nil
Total	88	88	73	73

3. No. of inspections of registered food premises—184

4. Any new Educational activity—Nil

5. Method of disposal of condemned foods— stained green and removed by Contractor. Subsequently treated at Waste Products Plant.

POULTRY INSPECTION

1. Number of Poultry Processing premises within the district—3.
2. Number of visits to these premises—40.
3. Total number of birds processed during the year—169,000.
4. Types of birds processed—150,000 Hens and chickens.
   15,000 Ducks.
   4,000 Turkeys.

5. Percentage of birds rejected as unfit for human consumption—
   Hens and chickens } 3% before plucking, mainly due to tumours.
   } 2% after evisceration, mainly due to E.coli.
6. Weight of poultry condemned—Discarded birds are not weighed but taken away daily by waste products merchant.
7. Comments on poultry processing and inspection—

   The three poultry processing premises in the district are comparatively small installations. Random spot checks have been made during working hours and longer visits during cleansing periods; visits are being increased to raise standard of inspection. One of the premises processes turkeys and ducks only; birds are raised on the premises and are culled regularly during the growing stage, which results in an insignificant loss at the processing stage.

Factories Act 1961

Premises	No. on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories without power	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Factories with power	30	34	Nil	Nil
Other Premises, Building Sites etc.,	28	42	Nil	Nil
Total	58	76	Nil	Nil

Defects	Found	Remedied	Prosecutions
Want of Cleanliness	1	1	Nil
Sanitary Conveniences unsatisfactory	1	1	Nil
Total	2	2	Nil

Outworkers. Nil

3548 visits were made by Public Health Inspectors as follows:

New Buildings	72	Meat and Food	184
Sewers and Drains	118	Housing and Public Health Acts	81
Rodents	24	Caravans	8
Refuse Disposal	129	Council Committees and Conferences	56
Water Supply	67	Vermin	4
Council Houses	390	Interviews	2096
Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act	3	Factories Act	34
		Miscellaneous	253

MISCELLANEOUS

At the Alwalton Showground the first Peterborough Show on the new site was held in July 1966. Many inspections were made of premises and stalls preparing and selling food.

Observations were made by the Council during the year on the Consultant's report for the expansion of Peterborough. The Designated Area includes Orton Longueville, Orton Waterville and part of Alwalton. A meeting of representatives of surrounding local authorities was held with the Minister of Housing and Local Government in August 1966 and a Public Inquiry is to be held on 17th January 1967.

Extra accommodation being required for office staff, investigations were made as to alternative accommodation or alterations to existing premises. A close investigation was made of one property that could have been suitable after alterations as Offices, Council Chamber and Depot, but the Ministry would not agree to the purchase. In view of the high rents of local offices inspected it was decided to carry out internal alterations to the existing offices, as a short term measure.

In conclusion I should like to thank the Chairman and Members for their encouragement and the other officers and staff for their help during another busy year.

H. ERIC REEVE,
Surveyor and Public Health Inspector.

The following table gives the incidence of notifiable diseases (other than tuberculosis) in the area during 1966.

DISEASE	TOTAL	under 1 year	1 — 2	2 — 3	3 — 4	4 — 5	5 — 10	10 — 15	15 — 20	20 — 35	35 — 45	45 — 65	65 & upwards	Cases admitted to Hospital	Total Deaths
Erysipelas	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Smallpox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Measles	91	2	11	8	8	15	45	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	6	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poliomyelitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jaundice	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Meningococcal Meningitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Food Poisoning	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery	4	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—

Tuberculosis.

AGE PERIODS	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0—1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—15	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
15—25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25—35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35—45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45—55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55—65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 & upwards	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL:—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

I am,

Your obedient servant,

PHILIP V. CANT,

Medical Officer of Health.

The Health Clinic,
Whittlesey Road,
Stanground,
Nr. Peterborough.
Tel. Peterborough 68010